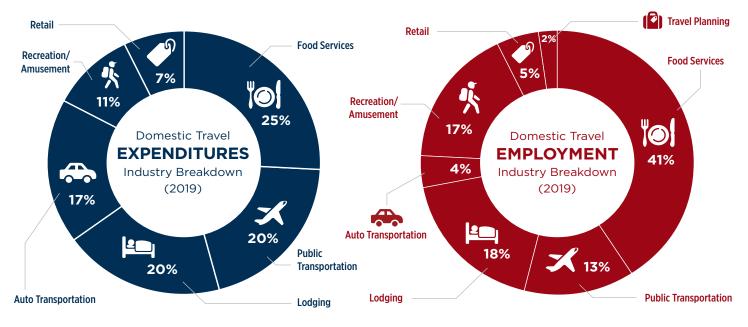
DOMESTIC TRAVEL FACT SHEET

In 2019, domestic travelers spent \$972 billion in the United States—representing 86 percent of total travel expenditures. Domestic travel spending directly supported 7.9 million American jobs.

With international inbound travel and business travel slowing, domestic leisure travel will continue to be the main driver for growth in the U.S. travel industry.

U.S. Travel Industry Direct Impact (2019)	Spending (\$ billions)	Employment (millions)	Tax Revenues (\$ billions)	Person Trips (millions)*
Domestic Total	972.0	7.9	154.8	2,317
Annual growth rate	4.4%	1.8%	5.2%	1.7%
Leisure	681.8	5.7	106.3	1,853
Annual growth rate	5.1%	3.0%	6.0%	1.9%
Business	290.2	2.2	48.5	464
Annual growth rate	2.8%	-1.4%	3.4%	1.1%
General Business	160.7	1.2	26.8	
Meetings/Conventions	129.5	1.0	21.6	

Source: U.S. Travel Association



Source: U.S. Travel Association

Note: Industry Definitions:

Automobile transportation: Gasoline service stations, passenger car rental, motor vehicle/parts dealers, automotive repairs and maintenance

Entertainment/recreation: Entertainment, art and recreation industry.

Foodservices: Eating & drinking places, and grocery stores.

Lodging: Hotels, motels, and motor hotels, camps and trailer parks.

Public transportation: Air transportation, taxicab companies, interurban & rural bus transportation, railroad passenger transportation (Amtrak) and water passenger transportation.

Retail: General merchandise group stores and miscellaneous retail stores, including gift and souvenir shops and other retail stores.

Travel planning: Travel agencies, tour operators and other travel arrangement and reservation services.

*Person trip - One person trip of 50 miles or more, one way, away from home or including one or more nights away from home.