

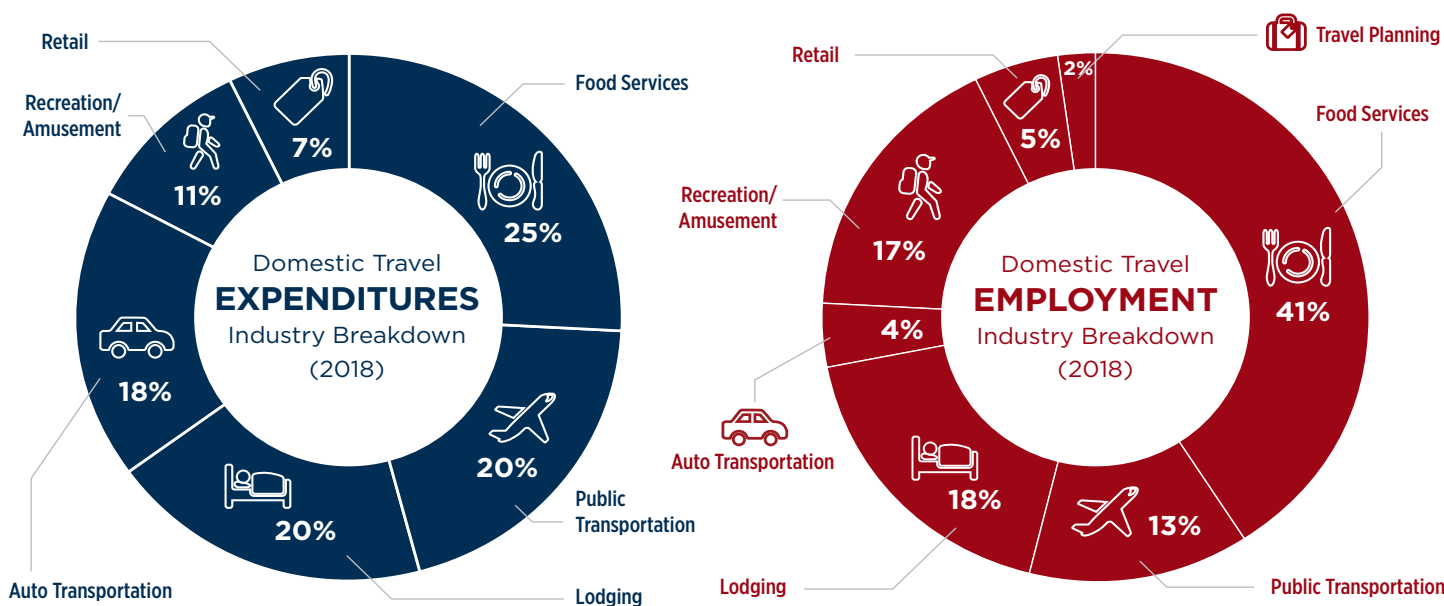
DOMESTIC TRAVEL FACT SHEET

In 2018, domestic travelers spent **\$933 billion in the United States—representing 86 percent of total travel expenditures**. Domestic travel spending directly supported **7.7 million American jobs**.

With international inbound travel and business travel slowing, domestic leisure travel will continue to be the main driver for growth in the U.S. travel industry.

U.S. Travel Industry Direct Impact (2018)	Spending (\$ billions)	Employment (millions)	Tax Revenues (\$ billions)	Person Trips (millions)*
Domestic Total	932.7	7.7	147.3	2,291.1
Annual growth rate	5.8%	1.7%	4.6%	1.9%
Leisure	649.9	5.5	100.4	1,827.5
Annual growth rate	7.1%	2.9%	5.9%	2.0%
Business	282.9	2.2	46.9	463.6
Annual growth rate	2.8%	-1.3%	1.9%	1.6%
General Business	156.9	1.2	26.0	
Meetings/Conventions	126.0	1.0	20.9	

Source: U.S. Travel Association



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Note: Industry Definitions:

Automobile transportation: Gasoline service stations, passenger car rental, motor vehicle/parts dealers, automotive repairs and maintenance.

Entertainment/recreation: Entertainment, art and recreation industry.

Foodservices: Eating & drinking places, and grocery stores.

Lodging: Hotels, motels, and motor hotels, camps and trailer parks.

Public transportation: Air transportation, taxicab companies, interurban & rural bus transportation, railroad passenger transportation (Amtrak) and water passenger transportation.

Retail: General merchandise group stores and miscellaneous retail stores, including gift and souvenir shops and other retail stores.

Travel planning: Travel agencies, tour operators and other travel arrangement and reservation services.

*Person trip - One person trip of 50 miles or more, one way, away from home or including one or more nights away from home.